

**§ 222.13-4 Burden of proof; presumption.**

Any person claiming the benefit of any exemption or certificate of exemption under the Act or regulations, shall have the burden of proving that the exemption or certificate is applicable, has been granted, and was valid and in force at the time of the alleged violation.

**Subpart C—Endangered Fish or Wildlife Permits**

SOURCE: 39 FR 41375, Nov. 27, 1974, unless otherwise noted.

**§ 222.21 General permit requirement.**

No person shall take, import, export, or engage in any other prohibited activity involving, any species or subspecies of fish or wildlife which the Secretary has determined to be endangered under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as evidenced by its inclusion on the list of endangered fish or wildlife (see 50 CFR chapter I, part 17) or which the Secretary of the Interior determined to be endangered under the Endangered Species Conservation Act of 1969 and which are now under the jurisdictional responsibilities of the Secretary of Commerce, without a valid permit issued pursuant to this part.

(Pub. L. 94-359)

[41 FR 36028, Aug. 26, 1976]

**§ 222.22 Permits for the incidental taking of endangered species.**

(a) *Scope.* (1) The Assistant Administrator may issue permits to take endangered marine species incidentally to an otherwise lawful activity under section 10(a)(1)(B) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973. The regulations in this section apply only to those endangered species under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Commerce identified in § 222.23(a).

(2) If the applicant represents an individual or a single entity, such as a corporation, the Assistant Administrator will issue an individual incidental take permit. If the applicant represents a group or organization whose members conduct the same or a similar activity in the same geographical area with similar impacts on endangered

marine species, the Assistant Administrator will issue a general incidental take permit. To be covered by a general incidental take permit, each individual conducting the activity must have a certificate of inclusion issued under paragraph (f) of this section.

(b) *Permit application procedures.* Applications should be sent to the Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service, 1335 East West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910. The sufficiency of the application will be determined by the Assistant Administrator in accordance with the requirements of this section. At least 120 days should be allowed for processing. Each application must be signed and dated and include the following:

(1) The type of application, either:

(i) Application for an Individual Incidental Take Permit under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, or

(ii) Application for a General Incidental Take Permit under the Endangered Species Act of 1973.

(2) The name, address and telephone number of the applicant. If the applicant is a partnership, corporate entity or is representing a group or organization, the applicable details.

(3) The species or stocks, by common and scientific name, and a description of the status, distribution, seasonal distribution, habitat needs, feeding habits and other biological requirements of the affected species or stocks.

(4) A detailed description of the proposed activity, including the anticipated dates, duration and specific location. If the request is for a general incidental take permit, an estimate of the total level of activity expected to be conducted.

(5) A conservation plan, based on the best scientific and commercial data available, which specifies

(i) The anticipated impact (*i.e.*, amount, extent and type of anticipated taking) of the proposed activity on the species or stocks;

(ii) The anticipated impact of the proposed activity on the habitat of the species or stocks and the likelihood of restoration of the affected habitat;

(iii) The steps (specialized equipment, methods of conducting activities, or other means) that will be taken to monitor, minimize and mitigate